Egelston Township Muskegon County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

June 30, 2015



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of	
Activities	17
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	19
Statement of Cash Flows	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22
Required Supplementary Information	20
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund	38
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Fire Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Street Light Fund	
Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits Plan	41
Other Supplemental Information	
Other Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	43
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances	44



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 28, 2015

Township Board Egelston Township Muskegon, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Egelston Township, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

BRICKLEY DELONG

Township Board Egelston Township October 28, 2015 Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Egelston Township, Michigan, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and schedule of funding progress for other postemployment benefits plan on pages 4 through 11 and 38 through 41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Egelston Township, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRICKLEY DELONG

Township Board Egelston Township October 28, 2015 Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2015, on our consideration of Egelston Township, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Egelston Township, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Muskegon, Michigan

Brickley De Long, P.C.

As management of Egelston Township, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Township's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development and culture and recreation activities. The business-type activities of the Township are sewer services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories - governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The Township maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Street Light Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Township has one enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer operations. Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary finds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Street Light Fund.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgetary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net position for the Township. As stated earlier, the net position may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of June 30, 2015, the Township's net position from governmental activities totaled \$3,663,233 (53%) and \$3,289,621 (47%) from business-type activities, creating a total government-wide net position total of \$6,952,854.

In examining the composition of net position, the reader should note that governmental activities include net position that is invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.) These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. Certain other governmental net position is shown as restricted, meaning that it is subject to external restrictions on how it may be used. The unrestricted net position for governmental activities actually depicts a balance of \$2,138,542. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

The business-type activities show a total of \$3,289,621 in net position, of which \$1,809,618 is unrestricted net position.

Current and other asset for governmental activities increased reflecting an increase in fund balance in the General Fund. Capital assets decreased because depreciation exceeded current year capital asset additions. Current liabilities decreased due to payables related to a construction project that were outstanding at the end of the prior fiscal year. Noncurrent liabilities increased as the Township increased the liability for its unfunded annual required contribution for other postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Capital assets for the business-type activities decreased because depreciation exceeded current year capital asset additions. Current liabilities increased due to higher payables related to a Stormwater, Asset Management, and Wastewater grant that was underway at year-end.

Net Position

		Gove	rnm	nental		Busir	iess-	-type				
	_	Act	tivit	ies	_	Act	tivit	ies		7	Γota	.1
	_	2015		2014		2015	2015			2015		2014
Current assets and	_		_									_
other assets	\$	3,319,065	\$	3,065,942	\$	2,238,523	\$	1,926,885	\$	5,557,588	\$	4,992,827
Capital assets	_	3,501,182	_	3,627,866	_	3,012,140	_	3,156,547		6,513,322		6,784,413
Total assets		6,820,247		6,693,808		5,250,663		5,083,432		12,070,910		11,777,240
Current liabilities		179,191		264,884		412,674		174,587		591,865		439,471
Noncurrent liabilities		2,977,823		2,919,399	_	1,548,368		1,481,843		4,526,191		4,401,242
Total liabilities	_	3,157,014		3,184,283	_	1,961,042	_	1,656,430		5,118,056		4,840,713
Net position												
Net investment in												
capital assets		1,298,806		1,402,866		1,473,772		1,636,704		2,772,578		3,039,570
Restricted		225,885		225,844		6,231		8,187		232,116		234,031
Unrestricted	_	2,138,542	_	1,880,815	_	1,809,618	_	1,782,111	_	3,948,160		3,662,926
Total net position	\$	3,663,233	\$	3,509,525	\$	3,289,621	\$	3,427,002	\$	6,952,854	\$	6,936,527

The results of this year's operations for the Township as a whole are reported in the statement of activities, which shows changes in net position.

Change in Net Position

	Govern	mental	Business	s-type		
	Activ	vities	Activi	ties	Tota	1
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues:						1
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 333,560 \$	\$ 257,589 \$	5 758,478 \$	747,537 \$	1,092,038 \$	1,005,126
Operating grants and						
contributions	5,250	2,448	339,443	-	344,693	2,448
Capital grants and						
contributions	28,873	9,734	75,969	15,653	104,842	25,387
General revenues						
Property taxes	1,053,841	1,053,904	-	-	1,053,841	1,053,904
Franchise fees	96,952	92,180	-	-	96,952	92,180
Grants and contributions						
not restricted	781,223	760,501	-	-	781,223	760,501
Unrestricted investment						
earnings	7,435	5,982	7,080	8,576	14,515	14,558
Miscellaneous	19,077	14,073	-	-	19,077	14,073
Gain on sale of capital						
assets	2,874			1,850	2,874	1,850
Total revenues	2,329,085	2,196,411	1,180,970	773,616	3,510,055	2,970,027
Expenses:						
General government	738,040	760,891	-	-	738,040	760,891
Public safety	1,129,612	1,019,011	-	-	1,129,612	1,019,011
Public works	151,590	154,267	-	-	151,590	154,267
Community and economic						
development	6,640	4,083	-	-	6,640	4,083
Culture and recreation	75,165	74,150	-	-	75,165	74,150
Interest on long term debt	74,330	54,328	-	-	74,330	54,328
Sewer	<u> </u>		1,318,351	861,605	1,318,351	861,605
Total expenses	2,175,377	2,066,730	1,318,351	861,605	3,493,728	2,928,335
Change in net position	153,708	129,681	(137,381)	(87,989)	16,327	41,692
Net position - Beginning	3,509,525	3,379,844	3,427,002	3,514,991	6,936,527	6,894,835
Net position - Ending	\$ 3,663,233	\$ 3,509,525 \$	3,289,621 \$	3,427,002 \$	6,952,854 \$	6,936,527

For the year ended June 30, 2015, net position changed by \$153,708 and (\$137,381) in governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. This resulted in an overall increase of \$16,327 government wide.

Governmental Activities

Charges for services revenue increased by approximately \$76,000 due to additional building activity in the Township which increased permit revenue and also additional revenue from cell towers. Public safety expenses increased by approximately \$111,000 due to additional building inspection activity related to the aforementioned permits and also due to the vacant fire chief position being filled.

Business-type Activities

Operating grants and contributions of \$339,443 is new this year and is related to a Stormwater, Asset Management, and Wastewater grant. Capital grants and contributions increased by approximately \$60,000 due to additional connection fees. Sewer expenses increased approximately \$457,000 due to higher charges by the County for sewer treatment, costs related to the Stormwater, Asset Management, and Wastewater grant, and retiree healthcare.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2015, the governmental funds reported a combined unassigned fund balance of \$1,327,988, all of which is in the General Fund. The Township also has fund balance that is nonspendable as it has been spent on prepaid items for the following year or is restricted for debt service, fire protection, street lights, the Township festival, or employee health insurance. The Township has also committed \$1,272,640 for various capital improvements and other anticipated projects and assigned fund balance for the subsequent year's budget appropriations in the amount of \$355,329.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. At June 30, 2015, the General Fund fund balance was \$3,006,330, an increase of \$333,803. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 130% of the General Fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the Sewer Fund decreased by \$137,381.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the Township made several amendments to its original budget as follows:

• The licenses and permits revenues budget was increased by \$67,800 as building permits for new homes and commercial projects were higher than expected.

- The charges for services revenues budget was increased by \$47,162 as the Township budgeted conservatively for certain services such as cemetery activity and also received additional revenues for cell tower rentals than it initially anticipated.
- The capital outlay expenditures budget was increased by \$35,000 for roof work on the Township hall.

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures:

- Payroll benefits were under the final budget by \$45,045 due to continued savings from changes to health insurance.
- Transfers out were under the final budget by \$57,865 as the Fire Fund spent less than budgeted and therefore did not require an operating subsidy from the General Fund.

Capital Assets Administration

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 totaled \$6,513,322 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, office equipment, equipment, utility systems and vehicles.

Major capital asset additions during the current year included roof repair and replacement, a thermal imager and a well for filling fire tankers.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		Gover	nn	ental		Business-type						
	_	Act	ivi	ties	_	Activities				T	ota	1
		2015		2014		2015	_	2014		2015	2015	
Land	\$	355,707	\$	355,707	\$	7,934	\$	7,934	\$	363,641	\$	363,641
Land improvements		317,075		322,198		-		-		317,075		322,198
Buildings and improvements		2,428,028		2,465,622		9,076		9,541		2,437,104		2,475,163
Utility systems		-		-		1,742,858		1,820,795		1,742,858		1,820,795
Equipment		155,779		194,806		39,527		40,995		195,306		235,801
Office equipment		7,554		10,333		-		-		7,554		10,333
Vehicles		237,039		279,200		3,085		6,418		240,124		285,618
Access rights		-		-	_	1,209,660	_	1,270,864		1,209,660		1,270,864
Total	\$	3,501,182	\$	3,627,866	\$	3,012,140	\$	3,156,547	\$	6,513,322	\$	6,784,413

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note D of the "Notes to Financial Statements" of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, the Township had total outstanding debt of \$4,628,610 consisting of general obligation bonds, compensated absences, and other postemployment benefits.

Outstanding Debt

	Governme	ntal Activities		Business-t	ype	Activities	_	Total			
	2015	2014	2014		2015			2015		2014	
General obligations											
bonds	\$ 2,202,376	\$ 2,225,000	\$	1,538,368	\$	1,519,843	\$	3,740,744	\$	3,744,843	
Compensated absences	29,833	32,645		2,586		3,222		32,419		35,867	
Other postemployment											
benefits	805,447	724,399		50,000		-		855,447		724,399	
Total	\$ 3,037,656	\$ 2,982,044	\$	1,590,954	\$	1,523,065	\$	4,628,610	\$	4,505,109	

The Township's total debt increased by \$123,501 during the fiscal year. The increase came as a result of the Township recording a liability for its unfunded annual required contribution for other postemployment benefits.

Additional information on the Township's long-term debt can be found in Note F of the "Notes to Financial Statements" of this report.

General Economic Overview

The Township's General Fund has two major revenue sources, state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprise approximately 75% of the General Fund revenue sources. In fiscal year 2016, the Township budgeted for both revenue streams to remain about the same. No other significant changes are expected from operating revenues. The Township is expecting to sell an unused parcel of land for approximately \$130,000.

The Township is expecting operating expenditures to increase by the rate of inflation in the coming year in the General Fund. The Township has not currently budgeted any significant capital projects in the General Fund. As part of its budget, the Township has appropriated approximately \$536,000 to transfer to the Fire Fund to support fire operations and capital purchases.

In the Fire Fund, operations are expected to be similar to last year. The Fire Fund has budgeted approximately \$396,000 for a new fire pumper. The General Fund will assist in the purchase of this vehicle with the aforementioned transfer.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Township anticipates an increase in rates to customers of about four percent as it attempts to match increases for treatment costs from Muskegon County. The Township has received a Stormwater, Asset Management, and Wastewater Grant from the State of Michigan for approximately \$625,000 which it will continue to use to form an asset management plan and evaluate the current condition of the sewer system. This is the second of three years for this project.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Egelston Township's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Egelston Township, 5428 E. Apple Ave., Muskegon, Michigan, 49442, (231) 788-2308.

Egelston Township **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**June 30, 2015

	vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,997,499	\$ 1,644,541	\$ 4,642,040
Receivables	29,569	274,755	304,324
Due from other governmental units	253,161	269,321	522,482
Prepaid items	38,836	15,925	54,761
Total current assets	3,319,065	2,204,542	5,523,607
Noncurrent assets			
Special assessments receivable, less amounts due within one year	_	33,981	33,981
Capital assets, net			
Nondepreciable	355,707	7,934	363,641
Depreciable	3,145,475	3,004,206	6,149,681
Total noncurrent assets	3,501,182	3,046,121	6,547,303
Total assets	6,820,247	5,250,663	12,070,910
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	112,336	287,077	399,413
Due to other governmental units	3,372	83,011	86,383
Unearned revenues - fees for subsequent year	3,650	-	3,650
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	59,833	42,586	102,419
Total current liabilities	179,191	412,674	591,865
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	 2,977,823	1,548,368	4,526,191
Total liabilities	3,157,014	1,961,042	5,118,056
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,298,806	1,473,772	2,772,578
Restricted			
Debt service	41,967	-	41,967
Fire operations	23,396	-	23,396
Street lights	85,094	-	85,094
Festival	30,784	-	30,784
Employee health insurance	44,644	6,231	50,875
Unrestricted	2,138,542	1,809,618	3,948,160
Total net position	\$ 3,663,233	\$ 3,289,621	\$ 6,952,854

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2015

		Program Revenue			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating and Control	_	-	ital Grants ontributions		vernmental Activities		ness-type tivities		Total	
Governmental activities													
General government	\$ 738,040	\$ 80,892	\$	4,950	\$	1,600	\$	(650,598)	\$	-	\$	(650,598)	
Public safety	1,129,612	181,808		300		27,273		(920,231)		-		(920,231)	
Public works	151,590	-		-		-		(151,590)		-		(151,590)	
Community and economic development	6,640	-		-		-		(6,640)		-		(6,640)	
Culture and recreation	75,165	70,860		-		-		(4,305)		-		(4,305)	
Interest on long-term debt	74,330	-		-		-		(74,330)		-		(74,330)	
Total governmental activities	2,175,377	333,560		5,250		28,873		(1,807,694)		-		(1,807,694)	
Business-type activities													
Sewer	1,318,351	758,478		339,443		75,969		-		(144,461)		(144,461)	
Total government	\$ 3,493,728	\$ 1,092,038	\$	344,693	\$	104,842		(1,807,694)		(144,461)		(1,952,155)	
General revenues													
Property taxes, levied for													
General purposes								288,065		-		288,065	
Specific purposes								765,776		-		765,776	
Franchise fees								96,952		-		96,952	
Grants and contributions not restricted to spe	cific programs							781,223		-		781,223	
Unrestricted investment earnings								7,435		7,080		14,515	
Miscellaneous								19,077		-		19,077	
Gain on sale of capital assets								2,874		-		2,874	
Total general revenues								1,961,402		7,080		1,968,482	
Change in net position								153,708		(137,381)		16,327	
Net position at July 1, 2014								3,509,525		3,427,002		6,936,527	
Net position at June 30, 2015							\$	3,663,233	\$ 3	3,289,621	\$	6,952,854	

Egelston Township BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General Fire Fund Fund		Street Light Fund		Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS			 						
Cash and investments	\$	2,802,123	\$ 12,136	\$	95,751	\$	87,489	\$	2,997,499
Accounts receivable		29,315	171		46		36		29,568
Due from other governmental units		250,370	2,791		-		-		253,161
Due from other funds		-	38,850		-		-		38,850
Prepaid items		17,865	19,396		-		1,576		38,837
Total assets	\$	3,099,673	\$ 73,344	\$	95,797	\$	89,101	\$	3,357,915
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	23,290	\$ 5,827	\$	10,703	\$	-	\$	39,820
Accrued liabilities		28,549	31,267		-		-		59,816
Due to other governmental units		2,654	718		_		-		3,372
Due to other funds		38,850	_		_		_		38,850
Unearned revenues - fees for subsequent year		-	-		-		3,650		3,650
Total liabilities		93,343	37,812		10,703		3,650		145,508
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable - prepaid items		17,865	19,396		_		1,576		38,837
Restricted			,						,
Debt service		-	-		_		54,667		54,667
Fire protection		-	4,000		_		-		4,000
Street lights		-	-		85,094		-		85,094
Festival		-	-		· -		29,208		29,208
Employee health insurance		32,508	12,136		_		· -		44,644
Committed		,	ŕ						ŕ
Community center improvements		292,640	-		-		-		292,640
Park improvements		55,000	-		-		-		55,000
Cemetery expansion and improvements		10,000	-		-		-		10,000
Townhall and library capital improvements		115,000	-		-		-		115,000
Fire vehicle		70,000	-		-		-		70,000
Other vehicle replacement		55,000	-		-		-		55,000
Road improvements		225,000	-		-		-		225,000
Other capital improvements		450,000	-		-		-		450,000
Assigned - subsequent year's budget appropriations		355,329	-		-		-		355,329
Unassigned		1,327,988	-		-		-		1,327,988
Total fund balances		3,006,330	35,532		85,094		85,451		3,212,407
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,099,673	\$ 73,344	\$	95,797	\$	89,101	\$	3,357,915

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

Total fund balance—governmental funds		\$ 3,212,407
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 5,477,121	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,975,939)	3,501,182
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest	(12,700)	
Bonds payable	(2,202,376)	
Compensated absences	(29,833)	
Other postemployment benefits	(805,447)	(3,050,356)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,663,233

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Fire Fund	Street Light Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 288,065	\$ 516,973	\$ 137,846	\$ 110,957	\$ 1,053,841
Licenses and permits	213,676	-	-	-	213,676
Intergovernmental revenues					
Federal	-	27,273	-	-	27,273
State	782,823	-	-	-	782,823
Charges for services	95,248	48,714	-	-	143,962
Fines and forfeitures	586	-	-	-	586
Investment earnings	7,155	-	119	154	7,428
Other	61,556	7,292	-	27,776	96,624
Total revenues	1,449,109	600,252	137,965	138,887	2,326,213
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	527,886	-	-	-	527,886
Public safety	98,841	706,305	-	329	805,475
Public works	5,008	-	133,772	-	138,780
Community and economic development	5,336	-	-	-	5,336
Culture and recreation	45,211	-	-	11,416	56,627
Other governmental functions	312,916	-	-	-	312,916
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	67,624	67,624
Interest and fees	-	-	-	74,231	74,231
Capital outlay	27,842	9,375	-	19,992	57,209
Total expenditures	1,023,040	715,680	133,772	173,592	2,046,084
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	426,069	(115,428)	4,193	(34,705)	280,129
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,874	8,101	-	-	10,975
Long-term debt issued	-	_	-	45,000	45,000
Transfers in	-	95,140	-	37,624	132,764
Transfers out	(95,140)	-	-	(37,624)	(132,764)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(92,266)	103,241	_	45,000	55,975
Net change in fund balances	333,803	(12,187)	4,193	10,295	336,104
Fund balances at July 1, 2014	2,672,527	47,719	80,901	75,156	2,876,303
Fund balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,006,330	\$ 35,532	\$ 85,094	\$ 85,451	\$ 3,212,407

Egelston Township RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$ 336,104
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (160,349) 57,209	(103,140)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the remaining undepreciated cost of the capital assets sold.		(23,544)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds but increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Issuance of long-term debt Repayment of principal on long-term debt	(45,000) 67,624	22,624
Changes in accrued of interest and amortization of premiums and discounts Change in accrued interest payable		(100)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences Change in other postemployment benefits	2,812 (81,048)	(78,236)
Change in net position of governmental activities	 (=-,=-)	\$ 153,708

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Proprietary Fund June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities -
	Enterprise Fund
	Sewer
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,644,541
Receivables	
Accounts	256,455
Special assessments	18,300
Due from other governmental units	269,321
Prepaid items	15,925
Total current assets	2,204,542
Noncurrent assets	
Special assessments receivable, less amounts due within one year	33,981
Capital assets	
Land	7,934
Buildings	18,613
Utility system	9,296,139
Equipment	231,508
Vehicles	16,667
Access rights	1,674,280
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,233,001)
Net capital assets	3,012,140
Total noncurrent assets	3,046,121
Total assets	5,250,663
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	278,373
Accrued liabilities	8,704
Due to other governmental units	83,011
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	42,586
Total current liabilities	412,674
Noncurrent liabilities	
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	1,548,368
Total liabilities	1,961,042
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,473,772
Restricted for employee health insurance	6,231
Unrestricted	1,809,618
Total net position	\$ 3,289,621
rotal net position	φ 5,269,021

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Proprietary Fund For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 758,478
Operating grant	339,443
Total operating revenues	1,097,921
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administration	25,386
Operations	1,037,903
Depreciation and amortization	153,386
Total operating expenses	1,216,675
Operating income (loss)	(118,754)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	7,080
Connection fees	75,969
Interest expense	(87,226)
Bond issuance costs	(14,450)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(18,627)
Change in net position	(137,381)
Net position at July 1, 2014	3,427,002
Net position at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,289,621

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Fund For the year ended June 30, 2015

	A	asiness-type activities - erprise Fund Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	752,718
Receipts from operating grant		70,122
Receipts from interfund services provided		6,816
Payments to suppliers		(601,232)
Payments to employees		(164,479)
Net cash provided by operating activities		63,945
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Connection fees		91,886
Purchases of capital assets		(8,979)
Principal paid on capital debt		(38,411)
Interest paid on capital debt		(69,090)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(24,594)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment earnings		7,080
Net increase in cash and investments		46,431
Cash and investments at July 1, 2014		1,598,110
Cash and investments at June 30, 2015	\$	1,644,541
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by		_
operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(118,754)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by		
operating activities		152 206
Depreciation and amortization expense		153,386
Change in assets and liabilities Receivables		1.056
		1,056
Due from other governmental units Prepaid items		(269,321) (159)
Accounts payable		274,617
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		50,468
Due to other governmental units		(27,348)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	63,945

Egelston Township STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Agen	ncy Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	2,457
Receivables		2,882
Total assets	\$	5,339
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governmental units	\$	4,095
Other liabilities		1,244
Total liabilities	\$	5,339

June 30, 2015

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Egelston Township (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

Egelston Township is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Township is considered to be financially accountable for other organizations, those organizations should be included in the Township's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criterion, none are included in the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Township's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the Township's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the Township's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

June 30, 2015

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Basis of Presentation—Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements—Continued

The Fire Fund is used to account for a special property tax millage levied by the Township for the operations and capital expenditures of the fire department.

The Street Light Fund is used to account for a special property tax millage levied by the Township for the operation and maintenance of the Township's street lights.

The Township reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Sewer Fund operates the Township's sewage pumping station, collection system and pays for access to the County's sewage treatment plant.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and used to account for assets held by the Township as an agent for another organization or individual.

During the course of operations the Township has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

June 30, 2015

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting—Continued

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the Township are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

June 30, 2015

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

As the Township constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest capitalized depends on the specific circumstances.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the Township are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital Asset Classes</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	10-50
Utility systems	20-50
Land improvements	10-20
Office equipment	5-7
Equipment	3-25
Vehicles	5-15
Access rights	20

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

June 30, 2015

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts of net position to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Township will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Township itself can establish limitation on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township's highest level of decision-making authority. The Township Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Township that can, by formal action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by formal action remains in place until a similar action is taken (another formal action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Township Board has by resolution authorized the executive officers to assign fund balance. The Township Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

June 30, 2015

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied and liened on December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollected real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all of these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2014 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$168,000,000. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.1803, 3.0, .64, and 0.8 mills for the Township's general operation, fire department operations, debt service, and street lights, respectively. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, Fire Fund, Fire Station Debt Fund, and Street Light Fund.

Compensated Absences

Township employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service and employee group. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused vacation and sick leave under limits that vary by employee group. The liability for these compensated absences is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

June 30, 2015

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2015, the Township had the following investments:

		Weighted Average		
	Fair Value	Maturity (Days)	Standard and Poor's	Percent
Investment Type				
External investment pool	\$ 274,816	44	AAAm	100 %

The Township voluntarily invests certain excess funds in an external investment pool (Pool). The Pool is an external investment pool of "qualified" investments for Michigan municipalities. The Pool is not regulated nor registered with the SEC. The fair value of the Township's investments is the same as the fair value of the Pool.

Deposit and Investment Risks

Interest Rate Risk

The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2015, \$2,571,397 of the Township's bank balance of \$4,348,208 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

June 30, 2015

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The Township does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 355,707	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355,707
Capital assets, being depreciated:	,,	·		,,
Land improvements	503,300	19,992	-	523,292
Buildings and improvements	2,991,691	27,842	-	3,019,533
Equipment	423,430	9,375	52,455	380,350
Office equipment	50,117	-	-	50,117
Vehicles	1,148,122	-	-	1,148,122
Total capital assets, being depreciated	5,116,660	57,209	52,455	5,121,414
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	181,102	25,115	_	206,217
Buildings and improvements	526,069	65,436	-	591,505
Equipment	228,624	24,858	28,911	224,571
Office equipment	39,784	2,779	-	42,563
Vehicles	868,922	42,161	-	911,083
Total accumulated depreciation	1,844,501	160,349	28,911	1,975,939
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	3,272,159	(103,140)	23,544	3,145,475
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,627,866	\$ (103,140)	\$ 23,544	\$ 3,501,182

June 30, 2015

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

	Balance July 1, 2014		Add	Additions		Deductions		Balance ine 30, 2015
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	7,934	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,934
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		18,613		-		-		18,613
Utility systems	9,2	96,139		-		-		9,296,139
Equipment	2	22,529		8,979		-		231,508
Vehicles		16,667		-		-		16,667
Access rights	1,6	574,280		-		-		1,674,280
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,2	28,228		8,979		-		11,237,207
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		9,072		465		-		9,537
Utility systems	7,4	75,344	,	77,937		-		7,553,281
Equipment	1	81,534		10,447		-		191,981
Vehicles		10,249		3,333		-		13,582
Access rights	4	03,416	(51,204		-		464,620
Total accumulated depreciation	8,0	79,615	1:	53,386		-		8,233,001
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	3,1	48,613	(14	44,407)		-		3,004,206
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,1	56,547	\$ (14	44,407)	\$	-	\$	3,012,140
Depreciation Depreciation expense has been charged to fu	nctions a	as follows	s:					
Governmental activities:								
General government					\$	31,373		
Public safety						97,889		
Public works						12,549		
Culture and recreation						18,538		
					\$	160,349		
Business-type activities:								

NOTE E—INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Sewer

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2015 consisted of the General Fund transferring \$95,140 to the Fire Fund for operations and the Fire Station Construction Fund transferring \$37,624 to the Fire Station Debt Fund to close the fund as the project was completed.

\$ 153,386

NOTE F—LONG-TERM DEBT

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the Township for the year ended June 30, 2015:

		Balance uly 1, 2014		Additions	Т	Reductions	T.,	Balance ne 30, 2015		ne Within one Year
Governmental activities:	J	ılıy 1, 2014		Auditions	. <u> </u>	Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2013		ne rear
General obligation bonds	\$	2,225,000	\$	45,000	\$	67,624	\$	2,202,376	\$	30,000
Compensated absences	Ψ	32,645	Ψ	89,675	Ψ	92,487	Ψ	29,833	Ψ	29,833
Other postemployment		32,043		67,073		72,407		27,033		27,033
benefits		724,399		129,840		48,792		805,447		_
		124,377		127,040		40,772		003,447		
Governmental activities	ф	2 002 044	ф	04.515	ф	200.002	ф	2.025 (5)	Φ.	5 0.022
long-term liabilities	\$	2,982,044	\$	264,515	\$	208,903	\$	3,037,656	\$	59,833
Business-type activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	1,529,422	\$	1,336,953	\$	1,489,359	\$	1,377,016	\$	40,000
Discount	·	(9,579)	·	-	·	(9,579)	·	-		-
Premium		-		161,352		-		161,352		
Compensated absences		3,222		10,179		10,815		2,586		2,586
Other postemployment		,		,		,		,		,
benefits		-		50,000		-		50,000		_
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	1,523,065	\$	1,558,484	\$	1,490,595	\$	1,590,954	\$	42,586
C	_	, ,		, ,		, ,				
							Ι	Date of		
					Inte	erest Rate	M	aturity	В	alance
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds										
2013 Unlimited Tax Gene	eral	Obligation Bo	nds			3.375%	M	ay 2043	\$ 2	,202,376
Business-type activities:										
General obligation bonds		3.6								
Muskegon County Waster		_	ıt -			4.05.50/	N.T	2015	Ф	10.062
Number One Bonds of 2	2006	0				4.25-5%	N	ov 2015	\$	40,063
Muskegon County Waster	wate	er Managemer	ıt -							
Number One Refunding		•	-			3.125-5%	N	ov 2036	1	,336,953
								·	\$ 1	,377,016
								;	•	

June 30, 2015

NOTE F—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

For governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

In 2005, the County of Muskegon began making improvements to the regional sewer treatment facilities. The project was funded with \$17,500,000 bonds issued through the State of Michigan Clean Water Revolving Fund Loan Program. The County operates the system and makes payments on the bonds with user charges to the local units. The Township has pledged its limited tax full faith and credit for the payment of its portion of the debt should user charges collected by the County be insufficient to make the debt payments. The Township's portion of the debt on June 30, 2015 was approximately \$398,400. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause a shortfall in the near future.

Advance Refunding

On June 2, 2015, the County of Muskegon, on behalf of the Township and two other local units, issued \$16,185,000 in Wastewater Management – Number One Bonds of 2015 to advance refund \$17,565,000 of the outstanding Wastewater Management – Number One Bonds of 2006. The net proceeds of \$18,138,312 from the refunding bonds (including \$1,953,312 premium and after payment of \$174,933 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for principal redemption and interest on the Wastewater Management – Number One Bonds of 2006. As a result, the Wastewater Management – Number One Bonds of 2006 are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from long-term obligations with the exception of the November 2015 payment. The Township's share of both bonds is 8.26%.

The County refunded the Wastewater Management – Number One Bonds of 2006 to reduce total debt service payments over 22 years by \$1,974,543 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,415,276. The Township's share of these savings is 8.26%.

The Township was in compliance in all material respects with all bond ordinances at June 30, 2015.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015 follow:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities Busine			Business-ty	iness-type Activities		
June 30,	I	Principal		Interest		Principal]	Interest		
2016	\$	30,000	\$	72,811	\$	40,000	\$	58,876		
2017		30,000		71,799		37,000		63,505		
2018		35,000		70,786		39,000		61,615		
2019		35,000		69,605		41,000		59,622		
2020		35,000		68,424		43,000		57,526		
2021-2025		210,000		323,895		252,000		252,091		
2026-2030		340,000		279,007		322,000		184,791		
2031-2035		460,000		214,545		409,000		101,962		
2036-2040		610,000		126,795		194,016		9,933		
2041-2043		417,376		22,853		-		-		
	\$	2,202,376	\$	1,320,520	\$	1,377,016	\$	849,921		

June 30, 2015

NOTE G—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township manages its liability, property and insurance coverage as a member of the Michigan Township Participating Plan (MTPP), a public entity risk pool providing liability and property coverage to its participating members. The Township pays an annual premium to MTPP for its insurance coverage. The MTPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence based property coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Township manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (MMWCSIF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The Township pays an annual premium to MMWCSIF for its workers' compensation coverage. The MMWCSIF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers' compensation coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Township carries commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE H—PENSION PLAN

Defined Contribution Plan

The Township contributes to the Egelston Township Group Pension Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for all of its employees except volunteer firemen and seasonal employees. The Plan is administered by the Township.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established and may be amended by the Township Board. For each employee in the Plan, the Township is required to contribute 14 percent of gross earnings. Employees are not required to contributions to the Plan. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Township recognized pension expense of \$87,906.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions and become vested in Township contributions and earnings on Township contributions after completion of two years of qualified service to the Township. Nonvested Township contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to reduce required Township contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2015, there were no forfeitures.

June 30, 2015

NOTE I—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Retiree Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The Township has a retiree healthcare funding vehicle (Retiree Healthcare Plan) administered by the Burnham and Flower Group. The Retiree Healthcare Plan is established under the authority of section 115 of the IRS code and is exempt from taxation. The Retiree Healthcare Plan provides health insurance to eligible retirees through the Township's group health insurance plan which covers both active and retired members. Act No. 149 of the Public Acts of 1999 of the State of Michigan assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Retiree Healthcare Plan to the respective employer entities; that authority rests with the Township. A copy of the complete financial report and required supplemental information can be obtained by writing to:

Egelston Township 5428 E. Apple Ave. Muskegon, MI 49442

Funding Policy

Plan members are not required to contribute to the Plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Township are established and may be amended by the Township Board. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the Township. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Township contributed \$48,792 to the Retiree Healthcare Plan, of which \$28,792 were direct payments for retiree insurance and \$20,000 were contributed to the trust, which is 25 percent of the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Township's OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The Township has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Township's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Retiree Healthcare Plan, and changes in the Township's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 170,432
Interest on net OPEB obligation	50,708
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(41,300)
Net OPEB cost	179,840
Payments made to or on behalf of retirees	(28,792)
Contributions made to OPEB trust	(20,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	131,048
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	 724,399
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$ 855,447

June 30, 2015

NOTE I—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS—Continued

Retiree Healthcare Plan—Continued

Trend Information

Year Ended	Anr	nual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	ual Cost Net OPEB				
6/30/13	\$	176,290	20.8 %	\$	590,766			
6/30/14		178,105	25.0		724,399			
6/30/15		179,840	27.1		855,447			

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

- a. Retirement age for active employees—Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 55, or the first subsequent year in which the member would qualify for benefits.
- b. Marital status—Marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue throughout retirement.
- c. Mortality—Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the National vital Statistics Reports, Volume 53, Number 6. The 2007 United States Life Tables for Males and Females were used.
- d. Turnover—Non-specific age-based turnover data from GASB Statement 45 were used as a basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.
- e. Healthcare inflation rate—The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was based on projections of the National Institutes of Health National Health Expenditure Projections. A rate of 6.9 percent initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 6.8 percent after six years, was used.
- f. Health insurance premiums—Fiscal 2012 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.
- g. Payroll growth rate—The expected long-term payroll growth rate was 3 percent.

A discount rate of 7 percent was used. In addition, a simplified version of the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The Retiree Healthcare Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 30 years.

June 30, 2015

NOTE I—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS—Continued

Retiree Healthcare Plan—Continued

Funded Status and Progress

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent valuation date, the Retiree Healthcare Plan was 2 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was approximately \$1,542,000, and the actuarial value of assets was approximately \$33,000, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of approximately \$1,509,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Retiree Healthcare Plan) was approximately \$777,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 194 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the Retiree Healthcare Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE J—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 54 percent of General Fund revenues.

NOTE K—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September 2015, the Township entered into a contract for a pumper truck for the fire department at a cost of approximately \$396,000. The order will be paid with available fund balance in the Fire Fund and General Fund.

NOTE L—UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB Statement 75—Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions was issued by the GASB in June 2015 and will be effective for the Township's 2018 fiscal year. The statement requires governments that participate in postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to report in their Statement of Net Position a net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability is the difference between the total OPEB liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside in a trust and restricted to paying benefits to current employees, retirees, and their beneficiaries. The net OPEB liability recorded in the Statement of Net Position on July 1, 2017 will be significant.



Egelston Township Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2015

				Variance with Final Budget-
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 284,516	\$ 289,894	\$ 288,065	\$ (1,829)
Licenses and permits	132,100	199,900	213,676	13,776
Intergovernmental revenues - State	758,773	769,113	782,823	13,710
Charges for services	49,842	97,004	95,248	(1,756)
Fines and forfeitures			586	586
Investment earnings	5,278	5,278	7,155	1,877
Other	48,497	61,101	61,556	455
Total revenues	1,279,006	1,422,290	1,449,109	26,819
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
Township board	23,750	23,750	22,405	1,345
Supervisor	45,422	45,422	44,263	1,159
Elections	16,500	16,500	12,486	4,014
Board of review	3,200	3,200	2,453	747
Clerk	92,440	92,440	90,775	1,665
Treasurer	64,192	76,222	73,355	2,867
Assessor	61,700	61,700	61,650	50
Township hall	50,607	49,707	44,257	5,450
Cemetery	30,117	30,572	27,432	3,140
Professional services	18,200	21,700	20,032	1,668
Office clerk	46,968	44,168	41,900	2,268
Maintenance	86,082	91,981	86,878	5,103
Public safety	00,002	71,701	00,070	3,103
Inspection department	92,030	103,195	98,841	4,354
Public works	92,030	103,193	90,041	4,554
Landfill	3,645	4,710	4,708	2
Roads	300	300	300	2
Community and economic development	300	300	300	_
Planning	6,000	6,000	3,861	2,139
Zoning board of appeals	1,250	2,220	1,475	745
Culture and recreation	1,230	2,220	1,473	743
	28,663	31,099	29,759	1,340
Recreation programs and park maintenance Library	17,700	18,700	15,452	3,248
Other governmental functions	17,700	10,700	13,432	3,240
Payroll benefits	319,925	312,654	267,609	45,045
•	36,000	36,000	29,819	*
Insurance Other		20,689		6,181 5 201
Capital outlay	18,904	35,000	15,488 27,842	5,201 7,158
				7,158
Total expenditures	1,063,595	1,127,929	1,023,040	104,889
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	215,411	294,361	426,069	131,708
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,000	2,874	2,874	_
Transfers out	(153,005)	(153,005)	(95,140)	57,865
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(152,005) \$ 63,406	(150,131) \$ 144,230	(92,266)	\$ 189,573
Net change in fund balance	φ 05,400	Ф 144,430	333,803	φ 109,575
Fund balance at July 1, 2014			\$ 2,672,527	
Fund balance at June 30, 2015			\$ 3,006,330	

Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Fire Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2015

	P. J. A. J	A		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
		Amounts	A otroal		
DEVENIEG	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual		
REVENUES	ф. 52 0.424	Φ. 500 101	Φ 516050	Φ (2.451)	
Property taxes	\$ 520,424	\$ 520,424	\$ 516,973	\$ (3,451)	
Intergovernmental revenue		27.272	27.272		
Federal	-	27,273	27,273	(1.620)	
State	47.516	1,628	40.714	(1,628)	
Charges for services	47,516	47,516	48,714	1,198	
Other		6,483	7,292	809	
Total revenues	567,940	603,324	600,252	(3,072)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public safety	720,945	747,516	706,305	41,211	
Capital outlay	-	9,375	9,375	-	
Total expenditures	720,945	756,891	715,680	41,211	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(153,005)	(153,567)	(115,428)	38,139	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	8,101	8,101	-	
Transfers in	153,005	153,005	95,140	(57,865)	
Total other financing sources	153,005	161,106	103,241	(57,865)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 7,539	(12,187)	\$ (19,726)	
Fund balance at July 1, 2014			47,719		
Fund balance at June 30, 2015			\$ 35,532		

Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Street Light Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2015

		l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 138,137	\$ 138,137	\$ 137,846	\$ (291)	
Investment earnings	300	300	119	(181)	
Total revenues	138,437	138,437	137,965	(472)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works	138,437	138,437	133,772	4,665	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	4,193	\$ 4,193	
Fund balance at July 1, 2014			80,901		
Fund balance at June 30, 2015			\$ 85,094		

Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

For the year ended June 30, 2015

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a	
Actuarial Valuation	ation Value of (AAL) AAL			Funded	Covered	Percentage of Covered	
Date			Ratio	Payroll	Payroll		
6/30/09	\$ -	\$ 1,392	\$ 1,392	- %	\$ 817	170 %	
6/30/12	33	1,542	1,509	2	777	194	

Additional actuarial data is not available and will be provided in subsequent years.



Egelston Township COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	Total Other Governmental Funds		R	Special Levenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund Fire Station Construction		Debt Service Fund Fire Station Debt	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	87,489	\$	32,858	\$	-	\$	54,631
Accounts receivable		36		-		-		36
Prepaid items		1,576		1,576		-		-
Total assets	\$	89,101	\$	34,434	\$	-	\$	54,667
LIABILITIES Unearned revenues - fees for subsequent year	\$	3,650	\$	3,650	\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable - prepaid items		1,576		1,576		-		-
Restricted								
Debt service		54,667		-		-		54,667
Festival		29,208		29,208		-		_
Total fund balances		85,451		30,784		-		54,667
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	89,101	\$	34,434	\$	-	\$	54,667

Egelston Township COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Other Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2015

		tal Other vernmental Funds	R	Special evenue Fund Testival	Capital Projects Fund Fire Station Construction		Debt Service Fund Fire Station Debt	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	110,957	\$	-	\$	-	\$	110,957
Investment earnings		154		64		9		81
Other		27,776		14,887		12,889		-
Total revenues		138,887		14,951		12,898		111,038
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety		329		-		329		_
Culture and recreation		11,416		11,416		-		_
Debt service								
Principal		67,624		-		-		67,624
Interest and fees		74,231		-		-		74,231
Capital outlay		19,992		-		19,992		
Total expenditures		173,592		11,416		20,321		141,855
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(34,705)		3,535		(7,423)		(30,817)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Long-term debt issued		45,000		-		45,000		-
Transfers in		37,624		-		-		37,624
Transfers out		(37,624)		-		(37,624)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		45,000		-		7,376		37,624
Net change in fund balances		10,295		3,535		(47)		6,807
Fund balances at July 1, 2014		75,156		27,249		47		47,860
Fund balances at June 30, 2015	\$	85,451	\$	30,784	\$	-	\$	54,667